

# Long-Term Waste Confidence Update

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### Long-Term Update

Draft Report, "Background and Preliminary Assumptions for an Environmental Impact Statement— Long-Term Waste Confidence Update"

#### **Elements of the Long-Term Update**

- Draft environmental impact statement
- Draft Waste Confidence Decision
- Proposed Waste Confidence Rule based on the EIS and Decision, if applicable



### Overview of Draft Report

## Background and assumptions report is first step in process. Basic topics in the report are:

- Waste Confidence Background and NRC Role
- General Methodology and Scope of Impacts
- Assumptions and Scenarios for Analysis
- Process and Opportunities for Public Input

#### Report is available at:

http://www.nrc.gov/waste/spent-fuel-storage/public-involvement.html and in ADAMS at accession number ML11340A141

Comment period for report is closed.



# Background: Origin of Waste Confidence

## In 1979, US Court of Appeals for DC Circuit required NRC to make findings:

- Whether there is reasonable assurance that an offsite disposal solution will be available by the expiration of the plants' operating licenses; and
- If not, whether there is reasonable assurance that the spent nuclear fuel can be stored safely at the sites beyond those dates.



### Waste Confidence Decision and Rule

Decision and Rule established 1984, updated in 1990 and 2010

- Decision composed of 5 findings and their bases
- Rule established to fulfill part of NRC's NEPA obligations when licensing nuclear power plants.
- Decision provides basis for Rule and is generic (applies to all plants)

State of New York, et al. v. USNRC, (Case No.11-1045), and consolidated cases, challenging the 2010 Waste Confidence Rule and related consideration of environmental impacts.



## Regulatory Role and Waste Confidence

#### **NRC** and Waste Confidence

- NRC is a regulatory agency
- NRC regulates storage and transportation through a comprehensive program
- Waste Confidence conveys the Commission's conclusions that safe storage and disposal are feasible and will be available
- Waste confidence is not
  - a regulatory program
  - a specific licensing action



## Waste Confidence EIS: General Scope and Methodology

Preliminary assumed storage period for analysis: on the order of 200 years

#### Important aspects of EIS methodology

- Composite, generic sites
- Generic impacts
- Range of impacts in NRC EISs
- Qualitative and quantitative analyses

EIS will take advantage of information from relevant EISs and technical activities on extended storage and related transportation



# Waste Confidence EIS: Assumptions and Scenarios

#### Some assumptions:

- All scenarios include transportation between storage sites and to a disposal site
- Storage continues to be a fully regulated activity
- Conditions 200 years from now (e.g., transportation infrastructure) similar to current conditions, with limited projections

#### **Preliminary scenarios for assessing impacts:**

- Onsite (at-reactor) storage
- Regional storage
- Consolidated storage (one site)
- Combination + some reprocessing



## Comments on Draft Report

- About 200 submittals
- Wide-ranging topics:
  - Broad policy concerns
    - Disposal
    - BRC
  - NRC regulatory concerns
    - Storage and transportation
  - EIS scope and related concerns
    - Methodology for generic sites
    - Uncertainties in long-range impact analyses



## **Next Steps and Timeline**

2012: Finalize current report, addressing comments

2012-2013: Develop further information on EIS scope and to facilitate public scoping

2013: Initiate formal process under National Environmental Policy Act

2013-2016: Receive input through formal scoping; develop draft EIS, possible draft decision, and possible proposed rule.

2017-2019: If necessary, develop and publish final Waste Confidence EIS, decision and rule.



#### Public Involvement

<u>www.nrc.gov</u> > Radioactive Waste > Storage of Spent Nuclear Fuel > Public Involvement

